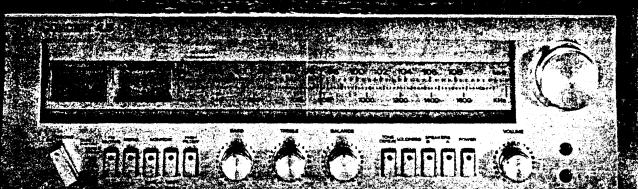
# CONCEPT

Owner's Manual



### Introduction

Thank you for choosing a Concept receiver. We think you'll most appreciate this product if you understand it in the context of its design philosophy. Take a few minutes and read this manual before you set up the receiver. It'll save you a lot of time, and will help you get the full potential from the Concept.

The Concept 4.5 is the result of a concentrated effort to design a line of stereo receivers without compromise. Every detail, from the action of the controls to the surface area of the internal heat sinks, has been carefully thought out and crafted by a distinguished international team of designers and production engineers. A laboratory standard of performance is augmented by bold visual definition. The final product is a finely crafted instrument that will satisfy the most discerning audiophile.

A myriad of design innovations make the Concept 4.5 as easy to use as to listen to. Most of the binary functions are controlled by newly engineered pushbuttons for maximum operational simplicity. The buttons themselves use light-emitting diodes to provide positive visual indication of the function.

The Concept 4.5 volume and tone controls have multiple detents to allow precise adjustments that are easily repeatable. The tone control and loudness contour circuits are designed for you to enjoy sound quality in most environments—even at low volume.

A sophisticated tuner section will match the performance of the finest separate tuners. Effective application is made of a 4-gang tuning assembly, full Quadrature detector, hand-picked filter elements and the latest Phase-Lock Loop circuitry. Tuning itself is unusually smooth, due in part to the massive internal flywheel and bearing assembly. Exact tuning is aided by a calibrated meter and a stereo indicator light.

The hallmark of the Concept 4.5 is a standard of accuracy unmarred by significant audible or measurable distortion. This has been achieved by selecting only premium-quality parts and operating them far below their related capabilities. A deliberate benefit of this design criterion is a dramatic decrease of breakdown due to parts failure.

Surely this is the most ambitious way to create a product, but consistent with making the Concept 4.5 receiver the ultimate synthesis of the technical, the visual, and the tactile.

#### Unpacking

Save the shipping carton and all packing materials. They'll assure the receiver's safety should you ever move or ship the unit.

Record the serial number of Concept 4.5 in the space provided here. The number may be found on the rear panel of your receiver.

Serial Number: <u>Sc</u>	1484
Date of Purchase:	

#### **Placement**

You should, of course, place your receiver where it's most convenient. However, keep it away from direct sunlight or any other heat source, and don't block the vents on the underside of the unit. CAUTION: To prevent fire and avoid shock hazard, do not expose the receiver to rain or moisture.

### Connections

Be sure the power is switched off before you make any connections.

You should also be sure your speaker wire is of sufficiently heavy gauge. We recommend 18-gauge lamp cord ("zip cord"). If you need more than 50 feet to reach a speaker, you should use 16-gauge cord. Wire that is too thin will impair power transfer and high frequency response; heavier wire offers less electrical resistance and is a more efficient conductor.

#### **Speakers**

The Concept 4.5 receiver uses spring-loaded push terminals for all speaker connections; these are not only easier to use than the standard screw terminals, they greatly reduce the possibility of a stray wire strand short-circuiting the receiver.

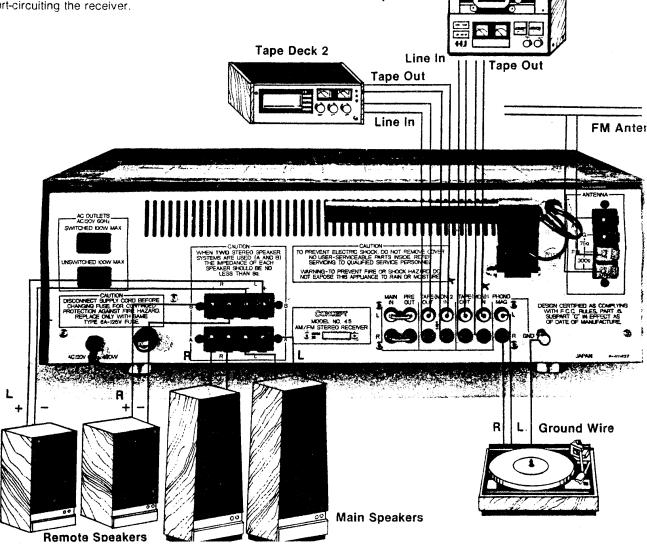
To connect the speaker wires to the receiver, first strip off only ¼-inch of insulation and twist the strands tightly together. Press in on the movable part of the terminal and insert the bare wire in the center hole; release the terminal.

Right Way Wrong Way

Wire Stripping: Strip off only 1/4-inch of insulation. Stripping more than that will leave bare wire exposed and could cause a damaging short circuit.

Tape Deck 1

Connect your main set of speaker to the "A" row of terminals. The right hand speaker should be connected to the two "R" terminals, the left speaker to the "L" pair. You may connect your extension speakers to the row marked "B". CAUTION: If you connect more than one pair of speakers, make sure they're all rated at 8 ohms or higher. Do not connect more than one pair of 4-ohm speakers.



CAUTION: Never make any speaker connections that join two red eceiver terminals. This does not ncrease output power. Rather, it could cause serious damage to the amplifier. If you are operating only one loudspeaker, connect it to either 'L' or "R", but not both.

You should be certain your speakers are connected in phase, so hat they'll work in unison rather than opposition. The positive terminal on the speaker (usually marked + or 8 ohms) should be connected to the red receiver terminal; the negative speaker terminal (marked - or 0) should be connected to the black receiver terminal. For a simple phase test, see the Useful Information section of this manual.

#### Components

Connect your record player to the PHONO MAG receiver inputs. To realize the full potential of the Concept receiver, use only a high-quality magnetic cartridge in your record player. Never use a ceramic cartridge. The left channel lead from the turntable should be firmly plugged into the upper jack, the right channel lead to the lower. If the record player has a ground wire (most do), it should be connected to the GND post on the receiver. Grounding the record player to the receiver chassis nearly always prevents hum.

The leads from the record player should be kept-away from any AC cords. This is another precaution against unwanted hum interference. To avoid loss of high frequencies, use only the 3- or 4-foot leads supplied with the record player.

If you have a tape recorder, connect it to the TAPE (MON) 1 jacks on the Concept 4.5. The *output* leads from the tape deck go to the IN pair of jacks, and the input jacks on the deck (often labeled "line in") should be connected to the OUT pair of jacks on the Concept.

A second tape recorder may be connected to the TAPE (MON) 2 jacks. Hookup precedure is identical.

Either set of TAPE jacks may also be used to connect a component other than a tape deck. The leads from that component should go to the IN jacks.

Components such as equalizers or noise reduction units can be connected between the PRE OUT and MAIN IN jacks. First remove (and save) the pins connecting the two. The PRE OUT jacks should be connected to the equalizer inputs. and the MAIN IN jacks to the equalizer outputs. Other components which may be connected to these jacks include electronic crossovers and digital time delay units. Do not remove the connecting pins unless you are hooking up a component to the PRE OUT and MAIN IN jacks, and do not touch or remove the pins while power is on.

There are two AC convenience outlets on the Concept 4.5. One of them is SWITCHED, and is live only when the Concept's power switch is on. Plug components such as equalizers or adaptors into the switched outlet. The other outlet is UNSWITCHED and is live whenever the Concept is plugged in. A record player or tape deck should be plugged into this outlet only; these components often contain mechanical parts that can be damaged if their AC power is shut off during play.

Maximum capacity of each AC convenience outlet is 100 watts.

#### Antenna

An external antenna is required for FM reception. A T-shaped FM antenna, called a folded dipole, is included with the Concept 4.5. It should be connected to the blue (300 ohm) antenna terminals. For more antenna information, see the *Useful Information* section.

An AM antenna is attached to the back panel. Do not use it as a handle; it is not designed to hold the weight of the receiver. It is hinged; leave enough space so that it can be swung away from the receiver

After you've made all the connections, you're ready to plug the power cord into a wall socket and begin operation.

## Operation

First, be sure the receiver is plugged in and the *volume* control is turned fully counterclockwise.

Use the selector knob to choose the program source, then depress the power button. Depress the appropriate speaker button(s). Then slowly turn the volume control clockwise until the sound reaches the desired level. The volume control is precisely calibrated with 40 detents; each step is approximately a ½-dB increase in sound level.

#### Tuning

The Concept 4.5 has a pair of tunin meters to aid in getting the best possireception. Both meters operate for FM tuning. The *signal* meter indicates sign strength, and the *tuning* meter indicate when you're tuned to the center of the FM channel, where distortion is minim

The large tuning knob is attached to a heavy internal flywheel and operates freely to further help you in making fine adjustments.

The stereo light glows when you tune to an FM station broadcasting in stereo. If the reception is noisy in stereo and antenna adjustments don't help, depressing the mono button may make a station more listenable.

To cut out the loud hiss between FM stations, depress the FM muting button when tuning. A reed relay circuit allows only wanted signal, without the swishing and thumping noises associated with ordinary muting circuits. The LED in the FM muting button glows red to indicate that the circuit is blocking off-station FM noise; when you reach a station with an acceptable signal, the LED changes to green. (The LED will glow red when the FM muting button is depressed and receiver is switched to a function other than FM.)

For AM, only the signal meter oper (there is no real center of channel in AM signal, so the meter is unnecessary Tune for the highest possible meter reading. There is no muting on AM.

#### **Using The Controls**

The Concept 4.5 offers unusually complete control flexibility. Judicious use of the controls will help you realize the full potential of your other components and the listening environment

#### **Tone Controls**

The bass and treble controls of the Concept 4.5 allow you to compensate for listening room acoustics, or add depth to many recordings. The controls have 21 positions of 1 dB change; the design lets you make precise amounts of boost or cut at useful points in the frequency spectrum.

Don't hesitate to experiment with the tone controls. Every recording is different, and many will sound much better with some tonal compensation. Usually slight adjustments provide the best results; use prudence in applying the tone controls.

The loudness button adds a precise amount of bass to restore a natural frequency balance when listening at low levels. Human ears don't perceive the frequency extremes very well at low volumes, and the loudness circuit compensates for that.

Use the balance control to shift the stereo image from left to right, to keep the image centered when the source is too strong in one channel, or when your listening position favors one speaker.

#### Tape Playback And Recording

The TAPE (MON) 1 jacks on the rear panel correspond to the "Tape 1" controls on the front panel. A deck connected to those jacks will be referred to as "deck 1" in the subsequent instructions. Similarly, the TAPE (MON) 2 jacks correspond to the "Tape 2" controls, and a deck connected there will be called "deck 2."

To listen to deck 1: First depress the right-hand MONITOR button (to the TAPE 1 position). The red LED will now illuminate. Now depress the left-hand MONITOR button (to the TAPE position). Its LED will also illuminate.

To *listen* to deck 2: The right-hand MONITOR button should be in the "out" position (the LED will be off). Simply depress the left-hand MONITOR button (the LED will be red).

To record: Make sure your deck is in the record mode. (Refer to the tape deck instruction manual for proper record level settings.) Turn the SELECTOR to the program source you wish to record, e.g. to FM if you want to tape an FM radio program, to Phono for taping one of your records.

Monitoring: Tape recorders with a separate playback head (three-head decks) allow you to make an instant comparison between the recording and the original source. This comparison is known as monitoring. The monitoring controls differ from

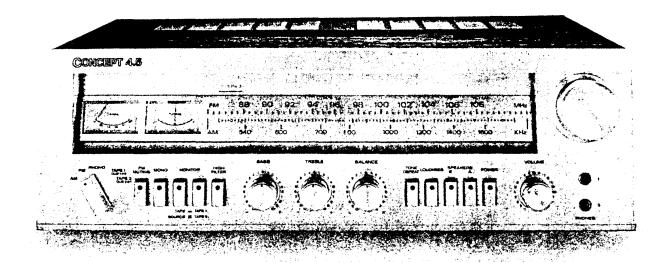
those found on other receivers; Concept's operation is more professional.

To monitor a recording, simply follow the above instructions for listening to a tape deck. Again, the right-hand MONITOR button selects deck 1 or deck 2; the left-hand MONITOR button lets you make an instant comparison between the source and the tape recording. This way you can check on the quality of your recording.

The Concept's flexible tape monitorarrangement also permits dubbing, i.e. copying tapes. To dub a recording from deck 1 onto deck 2, turn the Selector to Tape 1. To monitor that recording, follow the procedure for listening to deck 2.

To dub a recording from deck 2 onto deck 1, turn the Selector to Tape 2. To monitor, follow the procedure for listening to deck 1.

Concept does not offer a "dub -through" feature, i.e. a circuit that allows you to dub between deck while listening to yet another source. Concept believes that the apparent convenience offered by such a feature is misleading; if you do not check your recordings, you cannot know their quality. Moreover, if something malfunctions, you wouldn't know until you played the tape. Professional results can be achieved only by professional methods, and in tape recording this means listening to either the recording source or the tape itself.



## **Useful Information**

Caution: If you are recording onto deck 1, never set the Selector to Tape 1. If you are recording onto deck 2, never set the Selector to Tape 2. This would cause a howling feedback sound to build up, and could damage your speakers in a few seconds. As a matter of good practice, use only the Monitor buttons to listen or monitor.

#### **Equalizing Tape Recordings**

While it is sometimes tempting to equalize a recording source before the signal is put on tape, we recommend that you do the equalization only on playback. If for some reason you feel it is necessary to equalize the recording, the following instructions tell you how. But also note the following.

You can connect your tape deck's inputs to the PRE OUT jacks on the Concept's rear panel. Concept's tone controls will then affect the recording. and they make a very effective equalizer. BUT: The volume control and loudness contour also affect the recording, so once you've started recording, don't touch them. Do not depress the loudness button; use loudness compensation only on playback. NOTE: Do not use the tape monitor circuits when making an equalized recording. This will also cause a howling feedback sound with the potential for destroying your speakers. Monitor with headphones from the deck itself.

#### Headphones

For private listening, you can plug two sets of headphones into the Concept front panel. Any headphones of 8 ohms impedance (or higher) are suitable.

#### **FM Reception Problems**

If you're getting good FM reception, you can skip this section. If not, the following may help.

The T-shaped folded dipole antenna will give you adequate reception in most metropolitan areas. You can get the best possible indoor reception by moving the wire to face the transmitter.

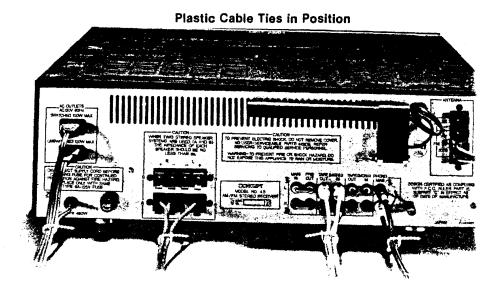
"Fuzzy" stereo reception is usually the result of multipath, a phenomenon that causes the "ghosts" on a TV screen. FM radio waves essentially travel along a straight "line-of-sight" path. They will go through plaster walls and such, but they are reflected by geographical features, massive concrete structures, metal surfaces and other dense objects common to cities and mountainous terrain. Not only does the signal reach your antenna directly from the transmitter. but it also gets there along its "bounce paths." These reflected signals arrive just slightly behind the direct signal. This causes the multiple images on a TV screen, and audible distortion in your stereo system.

Concept's advanced tuner circuits minimize the effects of multipath interference, so any audible problem will be an antenna problem. Try to get your antenna as high as possible. to give the direct signal a better chance at a clear path to it. A reflected signal can still give you good sound, but multiple reflections hurt; that's why proper orientation of your antenna may require some experimentation. In difficult reception areas, an outdoor antenna may be necessary; a good directional outdoor antenna is not only positioned higher, but it can better select between the desired direct signal and unwanted reflections. Your Concept dealer can advise you on an outdoor antenna.

#### **FM Cable Connections**

If you have cable FM, your cable service will provide the proper connecting hardware. However, cable services use TV frequencies and the FM sound usually leaves much to be desired.

75-ohm coaxial cable from an outdoor antenna may be connected directly to the 75-ohm antenna terminals, without the necessity of a matching transformer. The center portion of the cable goes to the 75-ohm terminal; the outer "shield" goes to the antenna ground. If you use a balun or matching transformer, its two leads go to the blue (300-ohm) terminals.



# For the Technically Curious

#### **AM Antenna**

To get satisfactory AM reception. the hinged AM antenna must be swung away from the back of the receiver. If you live in a fringe reception area, you can improve AM reception with an outdoor AM antenna. This can be a single piece of insulated wire, strung outdoors between two insulators. Place it as high as possible. The outdoor portions of the wire should be 25 to 75 feet long. Connect it directly to the AM antenna terminal on the Concept's rear panel. To reduce possible interference, and for safety reasons, you must use a ground with an outdoor AM antenna. Connect the antenna ground terminal to an earth ground, such as a cold water pipe.

#### Speaker Phasing

You can double-check your speaker phasing with a simple listening test. First move the speakers close to each other, and facing the listening area. With a stereo record playing, slightly advance the bass control on the receiver, and switch between stereo and mono. If there seems to be less bass in the mono position, turn off the receiver, reverse the leads at one speaker and repeat the test. When the quantity of bass seems similar in stereo and mono, the speakers are phased correctly.

#### **Protection Circuits**

The Concept 4.5 receiver has multiple sophisticated devices to protect against damage from short circuits and overload conditions. Should the speaker wires accidentally touch and cause a short circuit, the protection circuit shuts off the receiver and the green LED in the POWER button changes to red. If this happens, turn off the POWER button and check all speaker connections; correct where necessary. Wait 15 seconds before turning the power back on.

The protection circuit also activates if the receiver is driven beyond its capacity (for instance, if you tried to drive two sets of 4-ohm speakers simultaneously at high power).

The reed relay that switches the muting circuit also protects Concept's circuits and your speakers from switching transients when you change functions.

The receiver has a 125V 6-amp AC line fuse. Should this fuse fail, replace it only with a fuse of the *same* rating. Use of a larger fuse will invalidate the warranty. Generally if the fuse blows, it's an indication of malfunction and you should contact your Concept dealer immediately.

Reminder: Never make any speaker connections that join two red receiver terminals. Rather than increasing output power, it will cause serious damage to the amplifier.

For neat and professional-looking connections, use the plastic cable ties included with this manual. Loop them around the wires with the beaded edge facing outward, pull tight and clip off the unused portion.

This section is a brief description of Concept's many innovative circuit features. It may prove helpful in understanding why Concept is unique among receivers and indeed a match for the best component separates.

#### **FM Section**

A dual-gate MOSFET and 4-gang tuning capacitor provide Concept wit excellent sensitivity and immunity to overloading from very strong local signals. Concept also has an extreme steep quieting curve to achieve an outstanding signal-to-noise ratio on very weak signals.

The IF section utilizes three handpicked, linear-phase ceramic filters to maximize selectivity while still keeping distortion externely low.

Precise impedance matching of the limiter to the IF filters is also importain keeping distortion low. Concept accomplishes this by using three high gain symmetrical limiters. The detector package is also high-gain, with a wice band, low distortion full quadrature detector, assuring you of noise-free, low-distortion reception on even the weakest signals.

A Phase-Locked Loop IC chip in the multiplex decoder keeps the tuniperfectly synchronized to the transmitter to achieve maximum stereo separation and the lowest possible distortion. Steep 19 and 38 kHz filter are built in; these eliminate spurious output signals without rolling off desired audio frequencies. This is especially important when making a Dolbyized tape recording off the air, as such spurious signals can interfer with the Dolby process.

# In Case of Difficulty

#### **Preamplifier Section**

Concept uses an IC phono preamp circuit that assures sufficient gain to accurately conform to the RIAA playback standard (± .2 dB over the whole range), even at the very lowest frequencies. Parts are specially selected to provide noise-free amplification.

Special layout and shielding provide the highest degree of immunity to RF interference, an important consideration in urban areas and in light of the CB proliferation and resulting overcrowding of the airwaves. It also is tolerant of wide variations in cartridge inductance, allowing you to realize the full potential of virtually any high-quality cartridge made.

# Tone Controls And Loudness Compensation

Concept's tone controls utilize completely independent, negative-feedback circuits, each with its own turnover point to provide more effective, useful compensation. The circuits can provide up to 12dB of boost or cut at the frequency extremes. Control is provided in 1 dB increments.

When the controls are in the "flat" (center detent) position, the circuits are bypassed completely to insure that the frequency response will be absolutely laboratory flat.

The loudness compensation circuit is unique to Concept. Both low-end and high-end boost are newly defined by Concept. Corresponding to the most recent findings on the Fletcher-Munson effect, high-end boost is moderate.

Internal muting is achieved with a reed relay circuit at the output of the tone control section. The reed relay eliminates the "thumps" inherent in other types of muting controls, and also eliminates switching transients when changing from one source to another, for added protection at high volumes. The same reed relay also functions on the FM muting circuit.

#### **Power Amplifier Section**

The Concept 4.5's power amplifier uses direct-coupled, fully-complementary driver and output stages, with rugged output transistors to increase reliability. These transistors are mounted on extruded aluminum heat sinks for maximum heat dissipation, another measure promoting long transistor life. Two differential gain stages provide the lowest possible distortion at any power level.

A slew rate of approximately 15  $V/\mu S$  assures excellent square wave response, even at 10 kHz. This slew rate exceeds the minimum required by a 4 to 1 margin, indicating frequency response extended far beyond specification, and insures the clarity and transparency inherent only in wide-bandwidth design, with no sacrifice in ruggedness.

An active protection circuit senses excessive current in the output stages, and then disconnects the speakers until the fault has been removed. This circuit protects the output transistors, and also prevents DC from reaching the speakers and damaging them.

The power supply is an oversized power transformer, heavy-duty bridge rectifier, and two 4,700  $\mu$ F high-voltage electrolytic capacitors. This design assures that Concept's full power will be available at even the lowest frequencies where it's most needed

Industrial grade speaker switches assure that all the power is available to the speakers.

The complete internal layout has been carefully designed to reduce hum and minimize any chance for oscillations to develop. If service is ever required, it is easily and rapidly performed on the Concept 4.5.

If there appears to be a malfunction of the unit, turn it off and check all connections. Frequently the cause of the trouble is a loose connection rather than any receiver malfunction.

There are a number of noises which may occur from time to time and interfere with your listening. Usually these are caused by external conditions; the following section lists the most common noises and their most likely causes.

#### When Listening To The Radio

Buzzing, continuous or intermittent, is often caused by fluorescent lights, or electric motors (blenders, for instance). These sources may also cause hum interference. The best solution is to remove the source; if this isn't possible, try a better antenna, ground the receiver properly, or try reversing the AC plug in its outlet.

Static on FM may be caused by interference from automobile or truck ignitions. This is likely to occur on weaker signals, and the best solution may be an outdoor antenna with shielded connecting cable. Hiss on an FM stereo program, if excessive, may be caused by the stereo signal being too weak. Usually pushing the MONO button will improve the signal. An outdoor antenna may be of help too. (Stereo signals are inherently weaker than mono, and don't maintain clarity as far from the transmitter.)

Hiss on AM reception can be caused by interference from a strong station adjacent to the one being tuned, or by a TV set being operated in close proximity to the receiver. This interference is practically impossible to remove; so you can try moving the TV set away from the receiver.

#### When Playing Records

Hum or Buzz can be caused by loose connections, poor grounding, or by AC line cords (particularly from fluorescent lamps) being too close to the shielded phono leads. Check your connections, ground the record player chassis to the receiver, move the offending cords. Severe hum in one channel is usually the result of faulty record player headshell contact or cartridge wiring.

Poor Tone Quality or Fuzzy Sound may result from a worn stylus or record, incorrectly mounted or dirty stylus. Check the stylus condition, the mounting, and the tracking force. Keep your records clean. (Your Concept dealer stocks a number of effective record-cleaning devices.) An artist's paint brush with the bristles clipped short makes an excellent stylus cleaner; you can moisten it with alcohol. Brush the stylus gently from back to front.

Howling and Rumble sounds may be caused by feedback, vibrations from the speakers actually transmitting back through the record player. Keep your turntable as far as possible from the speakers, and mount the turntable on as rigid a surface as you can.

Thousands of hours of research. lab testing, field-testing and reevaluating have evolved into your Concept 4.5. Certainly it is without peer in performance, styling and convenience; we feel that it will be one of the finest receivers available for quite some time. There will no doubt be attempts to copy Concept, but you own an original. We'd be grateful to know that this product creates the satisfaction for which it was intended. We urge you to write us with your comments. Also, we've enclosed a questionnaire and would appreciate its completion and return.

## **Specifications**

#### Power Amplifier Section\*

Continuous power output of 45 watts per channel minimum RMS, 20-20,000 Hz, both channels driven into 8 ohms with no more than 0.1% total harmonic distortion. (16.53 dBW)

Typical Total Harmonic Distortion: @ rated power:

Less than 0.05% Frequency Response:

20-20,000 Hz ± 5 dB

IM Distortion (50 Hz: 7 kHz = 4:1)

Less than 0.05% 1V Peak-to-Peak Rise Time:

2.2 µ Sec Damping Factor:

Greater than 100 at 20 Hz.

Hum and Noise:

- 88 dB, weighted

Outputs: Speaker A or B; 2 Lo-Z headphone \*Power measured in accordance with the

Federal Trade Commission's rule on power output claims.

#### **Preamplifier Section**

Input Sensitivity

Phono: Tape 1, Tape 2:

160 mV Phono Overload 200 mV

Input Impedance

Phono:  $50 k\Omega$ Tape 1. Tape 2.

Main In:

Output Level

Tape 1, Tape 2: 600 mV at 1 kHz.

20 kΩ

referenced to 100% FM modulation or 10 mV phono

Phono Frequency Response: 30-15,000 Hz, ± 2 dB to RIAA curve

Tone Controls

Bass:

± 10 dB @ 100 Hz in

1 dB steps

Mid-Treble:

± 10 dB@ 10,000 Hz in 1 dB steps

Loudness Contour at - 30 dB + 8 dB at 100 Hz, + 4 dB at

10.000 Hz

High Filter:

- 10 dB at 7,500 Hz, 6 dB/octave

Volume Control Balance:

within 0.3 dB tracking

Signal-to-Noise Ratio

Phono:

76 dB unweighted, 82 dB weighted 85 dB

Tape 1, Tape 2:

Main In: Residual Hum and Noise:

.6 mV

Crosstalk at 1 kHz: -65 dB

#### **FM Tuner Section**

Tuning Range: -- 109 mHz

Sensitivity

IHE

9.8 dBf (1 7 μV) @

50 dB Quieting

(mono): 50 dB Quieting

14.8 dBf (3.0 µV)

(stereo):

36.8 dBf (38 µV)

Signal-to-Noise Ratio at 65 dBf:

72 dB Stereo Separation

> At 1 kHz: At 100 Hz:

Better than 48 dB Better than 40 dB Better than 38 dB

At 10 kHz: Total Harmonic Distortion at 65 dBf: 0.1% (mono), 0.1% (stereo)

Frequency Response:

30-15,000 Hz ± .5 dB

Capture Ratio: 1.2dB

Alternate Channel Selectivity:

78 dB

Spurious Response Ratio:

Better than 75 dB Image Response Ratio:

Better than 85 dB

IF Response Ratio:

Better than 93 dB

Muting Sensitivity: 16.1 dBf (3.5 μV)

Stereo Threshold:

16.1 dBf (3.5 µV)

#### **AM Tuner Section**

Tuning Range: 520-

-1650 kHz

IHF Sensitivity: 175 µV/m

Image Response Ratio:

50 dB Signal-to-Noise Ratio:

40 dB

#### General

Dimensions

18 %" (46.7 cm) 6" (15.2 cm) 15 " (38.1 cm) Width: Height: Depth:

Weight: 30% lbs. (13.75 kg)

## **Limited Warranty**

Your Concept receiver is covered by a limited warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three years from the date purchase. Concept warranty repair will be performed only when your purchase receipt is shown as proof ownership. Defective parts will be replaced without charge if this Concept receiver is returned to your dealer's store, as shown on your purchase receipt, or to any branch  $\epsilon$ that store where, in all cases, authorized service will be available. Check the yellow pages or white pages of your telephone directory for the location nearest you. If additions assistance is required, please write Concept at the address provided below describing the malfunction. Concept will send directions in writing.

This warranty becomes void if the serial number is defaced or removeor the product has been damaged b alteration, misuse, accident or neglect. THE WARRANTOR ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRO PERTY DAMAGE OF ANY OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGE WHATSOEVER WHICH MAY RESULT FROM THE FAILURE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any and all wa ranties of MERCHANTABILITY and FITNESS implied by law are limited the duration of this expressed limite warranty.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warra ty lasts, so the above limitations m not apply to you. Some states do r allow the exclusion or limitation of cidental or consequential damages so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state t state.

Service Manager Concept CBS Inc. 1601 W. Glenlake Avenue Itasca, Illinois 60143